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CHAPTER 248.

DISPOSAL OF DEAD ANIMALS.

H. F. 225.

AN ACT to prevent the spread of hog cholera and other diseases; regulating the business of disposing of the bodies of dead animals by the process of cooking, burying, or burning; providing for the issuance of licenses to persons, firms and corporations, permitting them to follow such business; providing for the violation of any of its provisions and repealing conflicting laws.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Disposal of dead animals — business of — license 1 — renewal. That any person, firm, or corporation desiring to engage 2 in the business of disposing of the bodies of dead animals by cooking, 3 burying, burning or feeding, or in any manner disposing of the same; 4 and any person, firm, or corporation in such business and desiring to continue the same, shall procure from the commission of animal health of the state of Iowa a license so to do, which license shall be 7 for a period of one year, and which license may be renewed annually 8 as hereinafter provided.

- SEC. 2. Applicant for license certificate of state veterinarian —filing of, with commission of animal health. No such license shall be issued to any person, firm, or corporation until the applicant for such license shall have filed with the commission of animal health a certificate signed by the state veterinarian of Iowa setting forth that such applicant is a responsible person, firm or corporation; that the applicant has a suitable and sanitary place in which to dispose of the bodies of dead animals; that such place conforms to the rules and regulations established by the commission of animal health and that such applicant is entitled to a license.
- 1 Application for license — procedure. Any person, firm, or corporation desiring a license to engage in such business shall file $\bar{3}$ with the state veterinarian of the state of Iowa, an application for such license. Such applicant shall at the time he files such application, pay to the commission of animal health the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), which said sum shall be turned over and paid to the state treasurer. The state veterinarian shall at once, in person or by deputy, inspect the place where such applicant desires to con-8 9 duct such business, and shall ascertain whether or not such applicant is a responsible and suitable person, firm or corporation to be entrusted 10 with a license to conduct such business. If the state veterinarian 11 12 shall find that such applicant is a responsible and suitable person, firm or corporation to conduct such business, and that the place where 13 such business is to be conducted is a suitable and sanitary place in 14 which to dispose of the bodies of dead animals, and that the same 15 conforms to the rules and regulations made by the commission of 16 animal health, he shall issue to such applicant a certificate to that effect. Such applicant shall file such certificate with the commis-17 18 sion of animal health and shall pay through such commission to the state treasurer the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for a license to conduct such business. Upon the filing of such certificate and the 19 20

payment of such fees the commission of animal health shall issue a 23 license to such applicant. In case the state veterinarian shall find that the place where such applicant proposes to conduct such busi-24 ness, is not a suitable and sanitary place in which to carry on such business, he shall notify the applicant in what particulars such 26 27 place fails to meet the requirements of this act and of the rules and 28 regulations of the commission of animal health. Upon being notified 29 by the applicant that the defects in such place have been remedied 30 and that he believes that such place conforms to the requirements of this act and to said rules and regulations, the state veterinarian shall make a second inspection, as above provided; but the state veterinarian shall not be required to make more than two (2) inspections 34 of the same place under one application. In case such applicant is 35 refused a license, no part of the fees paid by him shall be repaid to 36 him, but the same shall belong to the general state fund. 37 person, firm, or corporation, that shall be licensed under this act shall 38 pay to the commission of animal health yearly for the renewal of 39 such license the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), which in turn shall be paid by the commission of animal health to the treasurer of the 40 41 state of Iowa and upon such payment, inspection, and approval of the 42 commission of animal health the applicant shall have his former 43 license renewed for a period of one year.

Disposal of dead animals — sanitary building, etc. No place shall be cooking — burying — burning — time limit. deemed a suitable or sanitary place for disposing of the bodies of dead animals unless it conforms to the following specifications: building adapted to the purposes intended, provided with concrete or cement floors and provided with good drainage and thoroughly sanitary, all to the approval of the state veterinarian. In case such bodies are to be disposed of by cooking, the cooking vats or tanks shall be air-tight except proper escapes or vents for live steam used Such steam shall be so disposed of as not to cause in cooking. unnecessary annoyance and so as not to cause a nuisance. All skinning and dismembering of bodies shall be done within such building so that no annoyance shall be caused by the unsightly appearance of such bodies. Such place shall be so situated, arranged and conducted as not to interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property of the citizens of this state. In case such bodies are disposed of by burying, they shall be buried to such a depth that no part of any such body shall be nearer than four (4) feet to the natural surface of the ground, and every part of such body or carcass shall be covered with quicklime and by at least four (4) feet of earth. In case such bodies are disposed of by burning, the place for such burning shall be so located, constructed and arranged as to cause no annoyance to any of the citizens of this state by such burning and so as not to essentially interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property. parts of such bodies not entirely consumed by such burning shall be disposed of by burying, as above provided, or in such other manner as may be directed by the state veterinarian. All carcasses of animals dying from disease or accident shall be disposed of in the manner above provided within twenty-four (24) hours after death.

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1 SEC. 5. Rules and regulations — firms, etc., to conform. The 2 commission of animal health shall make such reasonable rules and

- 3 regulations for the carrying on and conducting of such business as 4 it may deem advisable, and all persons, firms and corporations desir-5 ing to engage in such business, or being in such business, shall con-6 form to and obey such rules and regulations.
- SEC. 6. Place of conducting business inspection of. Before the commission of animal health shall issue to any person, firm or corporation a certificate entitling him to a license under the provisions of this act, the state veterinarian shall personally or by deputy inspect the place where such business is to be conducted and shall see that such place conforms to the specifications provided for in section 4 of this act and to the rules and regulations of the commission of animal health.
- SEC. 7. Inspection suspension or revocation of license. The state veterinarian, in person or by deputy, shall inspect each place licensed under this act at least once each year, and as often as he deems necessary, and shall see that the licensee conducts the business in conformity to this act and to the rules and regulations made and established by the commission of animal health. For a failure or refusal to obey the provisions of this act or said rules and regulations by any licensee, the commission of animal health shall suspend or revoke the license held by such licensee.
- SEC. 8. Application blanks. Proper blank applications for license and blank certificates of the state veterinarian shall be provided and furnished free to applicants by the secretary of the commission of animal health.
- SEC. 9. License to engage in business. No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the business of disposing of the bodies of dead animals without first obtaining a license so to do in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided in this act.
- SEC. 10. Transporting carcasses. Any person, firm or corporation holding a license under the provisions of this act may haul and transport the carcasses of hogs and other animals that have died from disease, except those prohibited by the commission of animal health, in a covered wagon bed or tank which is water-tight and is so constructed that no drippings or seepings from such carcasses or hogs can escape from such wagon bed or tank: Provided, however, such wagon bed or tank shall be so constructed as to conform to the rules and regulations that may be established by the commission of animal health and said carcasses shall not be moved from said wagon bed or tank except at the place of final disposal.
 - SEC. 11. Obtaining carcasses by purchase, etc. subject to provisions and penalties. Any person, firm or corporation which shall obtain from any other person, firm or corporation, by purchase or otherwise, the body of any animal for the purpose of obtaining the hide, skin or grease from such dead animal in any way whatsoever, shall be deemed to have engaged in the business of disposing of the bodies of dead animals and shall be subject to all the provisions and penalties of this act.
 - SEC. 12. Carcasses disposal by owner or licensed person 1 time limit. It shall be unlawful for any person caring for or owning

- live stock or swine that have died to allow the carcasses to lie about the fields, yards, pens, and hog houses. Such carcasses shall be disposed of within twenty-four (24) hours from such death by cooking, burying, or burning as provided in section 4 of this act, or by disposing of them to a state licensed person, firm, or corporation authorized to render such carcasses under the rules and regulations of the commission of animal health.
- 1 SEC. 13. Violations of provisions — misdemeanor — fine, etc. Any person, firm or corporation which shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail for a period of time not less than ten days nor more than ninety days or both.
- 1 SEC. 14. Laws in conflict repealed. All laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved April 18, A. D. 1919.

CHAPTER 249.

BOUNTY FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF WOLVES, LYNX OR WILD CATS.

H. F. 49.

AN ACT to repeal the law as it appears in section twenty-three hundred forty-eight (2348), supplement to the code, 1913, and to enact a substitute for the law repealed, and to provide for a bounty for the destruction of wolves, lynx, and wild cats.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Repeal and substitute — destruction of wolves, etc. - bounty — false claims — fine. That the law as it appears in section twenty-three hundred forty-eight (2348), supplement to the code, 1913, be and the same is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

"A bounty of ten dollars shall be allowed on the skin of an adult wolf, four dollars on that of a cub wolf, and one dollar on that of a lynx or wild cat, to be paid out of the treasury of the county in which the animal was taken, upon the certified statement of the facts, together with such other evidence as the board of supervisors may demand showing the claimant to be entitled thereto. The person claiming the bounty shall produce such statement, together with the whole skin of the animal, to the auditor of the county wherein such wolf, lynx or wild cat was taken and killed, and he shall destroy or deface the same so as to prevent their use to obtain for the second time the bounty herein provided. Any person who shall demand a bounty on any of the above mentioned animals killed or taken in

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another state or county, or on a domesticated animal, shall be fined 17

not more than one hundred nor less than fifty dollars. 18

Approved April 18, A. D. 1919.

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